## UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE Postgraduate Entrance Examination October-2022

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QUESTION BOOKLET
(Read carefully the instructions given in the Question Booklet)


MAXIMUM MARKS : 50
MAXIMUM TIME : 75 MINUTES
(Including time for filling O.M.R. Answer sheet)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. The sealed question paper booklet containing 50 questions enclosed with O.M.R. Answer Sheet is given to you.
2. Verify whether the given question booklet is of the same subject which you have opted for examination.
3. Open the question paper seal carefully and take out the enclosed O.M.R. Answer Sheet outside the question booklet and fill up the general information in the O.M.R. Answer sheet. If you fail to fill up the details in the form as instructed, you will be personally responsible for consequences arising during evaluating your Answer Sheet.
4. During the examination:
a) Read each question carefully.
b) Determine the Most appropriate/correct answer from the four available choices given under each question.
c) Completely darken the relevant circle against the Question in the O.M.R. Answer Sheet. For example, in the question paper if "C" is correct answer for Question No.8, then darken against SI. No. 8 of O.M.R. Answer Sheet using Blue/Black Ball Point Pen as follows:

> Question No. 8. (A) (B) (D) (Only example) (Use Ball Pen only)
5. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided in the Question Booklet. Rough work should not be done on the O.M.R. Answer Sheet.
6. If more than one circle is darkened for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no mark will be given. See the example in the O.M.R. Sheet.
7. The candidate and the Room Supervisor should sign in the O.M.R. Sheet at the specified place.
8. Candidate should return the original O.M.R. Answer Sheet and the university copy to the Room Supervisor after the examination.
9. Candidate can carry the question booklet and the candidate copy of the O.M.R. Sheet.
10. The calculator, pager and mobile phone are not allowed inside the examination hall.
11. If a candidate is found committing malpractice, such a candidate shall not be considered for admission to the course and action against such candidate will be taken as per rules.
12. Candidates have to get qualified in the respective entrance examination by securing a minimum of 8 marks in case of SC/ST/Cat-I Candidates, 9 marks in case of OBC Candidates and 10 marks in case of other Candidates out of 50 marks.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO FILL UP THE O.M.R. SHEET

1. There is only one most appropriate/correct answer for each question.
2. For each question, only one circle must be darkened with BLUE or BLACK ball point pen only. Do not try to alter it.
3. Circle should be darkened completely so that the alphabet inside it is not visible.
4. Do not make any unnecessary marks on O.M.R. Sheet.
5. Mention the number of questions answered in the appropriate space provided in the O.M.R. sheet otherwise O.M.R. sheet will not be subjected for evaluation.

1) Ozone $\left(\mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$ absorbs UV radiation in the atmosphere and is decomposition mainly into
(A) $\mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{O}$
(B) $\mathrm{O}^{2-}, \mathrm{O}^{2+}$
(C) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}{ }^{2-}, \mathrm{O}^{+}$
(D) Atomic oxygen
2) The amino acid found only in bacteria and blue green algae is
(A) Methionine
(B) Diaminopimelic acid
(C) Aspartic acid
(D) Glutamic acid
3) Electromagnetic radiation with minimum wave length is
(A) Ultraviolet rays
(B) X -rays
(C) Infrared rays
(D) Gamma rays
4) What is biochemical test used for?
(A) Enzymatic activities
(B) Nucleic acid base composition
(C) Amino acid sequences
(D) Staining characteristics
5) When there are no external forces, the shape of a liquid drop is determined by
(A) Surface tension of the liquid
(B) Density of liquid
(C) Viscosity of liquid
(D) Temperature of air only
6) What is the wavelength range for UV spectroscopy?
(A) $0.8-500 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
(B) $400-100 \mathrm{~nm}$
(C) $380-750 \mathrm{~nm}$
(D) $0.01-10 \mathrm{~nm}$
7) The modern periodic table is arranged based upon atomic
(A) Isotopes
(B) Number
(C) Density
(D) Radius
8) Which element is classified as a metalloid?
(A) Sodium
(B) Calcium
(C) Zinc
(D) Silicon
9) Which is the term for water that is intermediate in salinity between freshwater and seawater?
(A) Hard water
(B) Soft water
(C) Connate water
(D) Brackish water
10) $S$ and $P$ waves associated with
(A) Tidal waves
(B) Solar energy waves
(C) Wind energy
(D) Earthquakes
11) Igneous rocks form
(A) At relatively high temperatures
(B) By crystallization of solids from a liquid
(C) At high pressure
(D) Low pressures
12) What does not occur at a transform boundary?
(A) A mid-ocean ridge
(B) Earthquakes
(C) A deep sea-trench
(D) Volcanic activity
13) Large volumes of groundwater are usually found in rocks with a large amount of
(A) Compaction
(B) Crystalline
(C) Porosity
(D) Cementation
14) Which one is not an iron ore?
(A) Bauxite
(B) Magnetite
(C) Limonite
(D) Hematite
15) Which type of plant short day or long day is likely to bloom in the summer?
(A) Sorghum
(B) Gossypium
(C) Lettuce
(D) Solanum
16) In higher plants, apart from chlorophyll, what photosynthetic pigment is present
(A) Pheoplasts
(B) Rheoplast
(C) Carotenoides
(D) Thylakoids
17) Studies of the flowering times of plants is known as
(A) Palynology
(B) Meteorology
(C) Phenology
(D) Pedology
18) Gram-negative bacteria are more resistant to antibiotics due to the presence of
(A) Thin peptidoglycan wall
(B) Outer lipopolysaccharide layer
(C) Porin proteins
(D) Teichoic acid
19) Which of these molecules require a carrier protein to pass through the cell membrane?
(A) Small neutral solutes
(B) Water
(C) Polar molecules
(D) Non-polar molecules
20) Transfer of genetic material from the donor to recipient bacterium through cell contact is termed as
(A) Transduction
(B) Recombination
(C) Conjugation
(D) Transformation
21) What is the shape of chloroplast in Chlamydomonas?
(A) Cup-Shaped
(B) Spiral
(C) Stellate
(D) Collar-Shaped
22) In Amoeba and Paramecium, the cell organelle for osmoregulation is
(A) Nucleus
(B) Body Surface
(C) Pseudopodia
(D) Contractile Vacuole
23) Oyster mushroom is an example of predator fungi that attacks
(A) Tapeworms
(B) Pinworms
(C) Platyhelminthes
(D) Roundworms
24) Unlike other algae, diatoms do not readily decay due to
(A) Siliceous wall
(B) Mucilaginous wall
(C) Water proof cell wall
(D) Non-living cells
25) Which of the following are not the common morphological characteristics of spirochetes?
(A) They are Gram-Negative helical bacteria
(B) They are motile and have periplasmic flagella (Endo Flagella)
(C) They reproduce by transverse binary fusion
(D) They are obligate aerobes
26) In the photosynthesis process of plants, the sunlight is observed by
(A) Oxygen
(B) Water
(C) Chlorophyll
(D) Nucleus
27) Acetyl CoA forms a 6-C compound after combining with
(A) Oxygen
(B) Pyruvic acid
(C) Citric acid
(D) Oxaloacetic acid
28) Leghaemoglobin is present in the root nodules of legumes. What is the function of leghaemoglobin?
(A) Oxygen removal
(B) Inhibition of nitrogenase activity
(C) Expression of nif gene
(D) Nodule differentiation
29) How is Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Calculated?
(A) Waste water is oxidised chemically using strontium in acid solutions
(B) Waste water is oxidised chemically using bromine in acid solutions
(C) Waste water is oxidised chemically using dichromate in acid solutions
(D) Waste water is oxidised chemically using sodium in acid solutions
30) Which of the following microbes are used for the commercial production of citric acid?
(A) Xanthomonascitri
(B) Asparagine
(C) Asparagus
(D) Aspergillus
31) Which of the following is called the resting and inactive stage in the insect life cycle?
(A) The Egg stage
(B) The Larva stage
(C) The pupa stage
(D) The Adult stage
32) Bioaugmentation is a process that involves:
(A) Using Plants for bioremediation
(B) Bioventing
(C) Sludge removal
(D) Ex situ bioremediation
33) What happens when phosphorus, nitrates, and detergents in water lead to an acceleration in the growth of algae?
(A) Extinction
(B) Eutrophication
(C) Increase in the number of fishes
(D) Increase in the number of aquatic plants
34) Which of the following is not required for the biodegradation process?
(A) Micro-organism
(B) Environment conditions
(C) Adhesives
(D) Substrate
35) The dye eosinate of methylene blue belongs to which group
(A) Acidic dye
(B) Basic dye
(C) Neutral dye
(D) Oxazine dye
36) The largest ecosystem of the Earth is
(A) Biosphere
(B) Hydrosphere
(C) Lithosphere
(D) Biome
37) Which among the following is known as a Secondary Pollutant in the atmosphere?
(A) Ground level Ozone
(B) Sulfur dioxide
(C) Nitrogen Oxides
(D) Carbon Monoxides
38) In an ecosystem, energy $\qquad$ .
(A) is released
(B) is absorbed
(C) flows
(D) none of the above
39) Which of the following is formed from the combination of algae and fungi ?
(A) Epiphyte
(B) Mycorrhizal
(C) Mosses
(D) Lichens
40) The major regional ecological group of plants and animals are
(A) Biomes
(B) population
(C) community
(D) Ecosystem
41) The basic behavioral role of an organism in a community is called ecological $\qquad$ .
(A) Autecology
(B) Synecology
(C) Niche
(D) None
42) The order of basic processes involved in succession is
(A) Nudation->Stabilization->Competition and co action-> Invasion->reaction
(B) Nudation-> Invasion-> Competition and co action -> reaction -> stabilization
(C) Invasion->Nudation->competition and co action->Reaction->Stabilization
(D) Invasion->Stabilization->Competition and co action->Reaction->nudation
43) Select the Non-conventional energy sources from the following
(A) Renewable
(B) Non-renewable
(C) Produced from electricity
(D) Produced from heat
44) In medium, the nature of sound waves is
(A) Only transverse
(B) Both longitudinal and transverse
(C) Neither longitudinal nor transverse
(D) Only longitudinal
45) At what decibel instantaneous rupture of membrane happens
(A) 100
(B) 120
(C) 146
(D) 150
46) Gas molecules that absorb thermal infrared radiation and present in large quantity to alter the climate system is known as
(A) Greenhouse gases
(B) Beta radiations
(C) Alpha radiations
(D) Ozone gases
47) What is Carbon Sequestration?
(A) Removal of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ from the atmosphere
(B) Storage of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ by depositing in the reservoir
(C) Removal of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ from the atmosphere \& Storing it by depositing it in the reservoir
(D) None of the above
48) Which of the following relation is correct for the radiation?
(A) [Incident Radiation] + [Absorbed Radiation] $=$ [Reflected Radiation] + [Transmitted Radiation]
(B) [Incident Radiation] + [Transmitted Radiation] $=$ [Reflected Radiation] + [Absorbed Radiation]
(C) [Incident Radiation] $=$ [Reflected Radiation] + [Absorbed Radiation] + [Transmitted Radiation]
(D) [Absorbed Radiation] $=$ [Reflected Radiation] + [Transmitted Radiation] + [Incident Radiation]
49) The values of reflectivity $(\rho)$, absorptivity $(\alpha)$ and transmissivity $(\tau)$ of a body are depend upon
(A) material of the body
(B) surface condition of the body
(C) wavelength of radiation
(D) all of the above
50) In which process in the nitrogen cycle is nitrogen returned back to the atmosphere?
(A) Nitrogen fixing bacteria
(B) Nitrogen fixation by blue-green algae
(C) Nitrification process
(D) Denitrification


## ROUGH WORK

## అభ్యథిรగษిగి శ్జอఒసేగఆు



 ఎంబదన్ను யరిరిలలిసిరి.



 జదాబ్దారరంగిరుత్తిర.


 అత్తృరహస్ను నిథణరి.


 కుంబిర:



6. ఒండు నిదిషష్ట్రు
 ळలళెయల్లిన లుదాळరణ నైలణి.
 యృడ్బొలు.


 ஹృఁగబळుదు.




 అంచగఆన్ను யֹడియత్ర్ప్దు.

## ఓ.ఎం.ఆరా. ळలఆయన్న్ కుంబలు స్యృజసెగఆు









Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the front cover of this booklet.

